

Ohm's Law

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

$$V = I \times R \quad I = Q / t \quad e^- = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}C$$

Part I

A battery applies voltage across a resistor. The resulting current is .02A

1) What will be the new current in the resistor if the battery voltage is doubled?

|                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| Factor changed | new current |
|----------------|-------------|

2) What will be the new current if the resistance is 1/5 as much?

|                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| Factor changed | new current |
|----------------|-------------|

3) What will be the new current if the resistance is increased by two, and the voltage is reduced to 1/3 the original?

|                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| Factor changed | new current |
|----------------|-------------|

Part II

4) In one minute, a battery is able to push .06C of charge through a wire. a)What is the resulting current? b)If this current were put through a 100 ohm resistor, what would be the applied voltage?

5) What is the resistance of a toaster if 110V produces a current of 4.2 A?

6) A 9.0 V battery is connected to a bulb whose resistance is 1.6 ohms. How many electrons leave the battery per minute?